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ABSTRACT

On the premise that access to services addressing children's emotional well-being is essential to improving the quality of care received, this paper presents a framework or plan of action to ensure that those services are accessible in Delaware and meet the needs of all children, their parents, and the child care community that serves them. Emotional wellness is defined as the ability to trust, thrive, relate to others, and have a sense of well-being, personal worth, and resilience. The framework to promote emotional wellness is intended for agencies, employers, service providers, early care and education programs and councils, and others to guide individual and collaborative action supporting the emotional well-being of young children and their families. The paper outlines 6 major goals and 82 strategies and implementation tasks to support children and families. The goals relate to: (1) prevention, early intervention, and treatment; (2) educational opportunities; (3) public will; (4) governance; (5) financing; and (6) results. The paper notes that while Delaware policymakers believe all children deserve emotional support, it is imperative that special interventions are available for children exposed to separation, trauma, and life stressors. The report further states that successful action will occur when the state creates the caring needed to garner public-private resources collaboratively to support the whole child within his or her family. Included is a glossary of important terms and a list of the members of the framework planning committee. (KB)



Partnering to Promote Emotional Wellness in Young Children: Delaware's Framework for Action 2003.

Delaware Department of Education

2003



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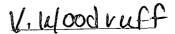
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Partnering to Promote

Emotional Wellness in Young Children









Building a strong foundation for early success

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${\cal Z}$ Acknowledgements

Introduction, Background L Executive Summary

Valerie Woodruff, Secretary of Education, and Dr. Nancy Wilson, Associate Secretary of the Curriculum and Instructional

Improvement Branch, for their leadership and willingness to move the project forward as an

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The Framework for Action

Delaware Vision



Education

frances Haug, Anna Wojewodzki Hunter, and Kathy Wian from the University of

Dr. Michael Gamel-McCormick, University of Delaware, Center for Disabilities

Studies for research activities associated with the project.

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nd focus group activities.

and Georgebown University, for planning a successful meeting of stakeholders

ronal Wellness Summit Planning Committee, funders,

12 Public Will

Governance

Sandra Riedel for providing staff and logistical support for all planning activities.

for the vision and tenacious work in moving the project forward.

Betty Richardson, Head Start State Collaboration Director, hat provided the foundation for the planning process.

rences/References for Quotations

agning Committee





development and learning.

tional

By 2008, Delaware will have a system in place to implement evidencedbased prevention, early intervention, and treatment services for young Goal 1 - Prevention, Early Intervention and Treatment children, birth to five

amilies by supporting the following goals:

Goal 2 - Educational Opportunities

By 2005, offer educational opportunities to advance quality services that support emotional wellness In young children.

Good 3 - Public Will

3y 2006, create public will for caring communities and workplaces that support practices to enhance the emotional wellness of young children

Soci 4 - Covernance

By 2004, a governance structure will be in place for the implementation of the Framework for Action: Partnering to Promote Emotional Wellness in oung Children.

Goal 5 - Financing

Action through coordination, redirecting existing resources, and state, fed-3y 2004, create financing opportunities to implement the Framework for eral and private funding opportunities.

God 6 - Results

quality of early childhood emotional wellness prevention, intervention and treatment services. 3y 2008, systems will be implemented to measure the variety and

In 2000, there were over 51,000 children, birth to exposed to separation, trauma and life stressors. It and serves as, a quality initiative to support efforts five, in Delaware. Approximately 35,000 of these 10%. That percentage increases as the ratio of emotional supports, it is imperative that special children attended licensed child care. Preschool teachers report disruptive behaviors as the greatest challenge they face. National statistics estimate that the prevalence of problematic behavior is about children exposed to trauma and stressors increases. interventions are available for those children is for that reason that this initiative is aligned with, While Delaware believes that all children deserve to build Delaware's early care and education system.

is intended to be used by agencies, employers, Successful action will occur when we create the caring needed to garner public-private resources in a collaborative manner to support the whole child service providers, higher education, pediatricians, and other stakeholders as a guide for individual and collaborative action to support the emotional within the context of their family. The framework early care and education programs and councils, wellness of young children and their families.

Emotional Wellness homofina

Young Children in Delaware's

Defaware strategic plan for early care and education.

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"Who direction live approach when creating this framework, we have assured that its components are aligned with the Early Success strategic agenda, and and the child care community that serves them. By taking a collaborathat the community at-large is committed to moving the emotional ces are accessible and meet the needs of all children, their parents, This framework outlines a plan of action to ensure that those servwellness agenda forward. As we move forward, progress on the essential to improving the quality of care that children receive. goals of this framework will be reported annually to the address the emotional well-being of children is noted as Interagency Resource Management Committee (IRMC) and for Delaware's Children (2000), access to services that the Delaware Early Care and Education Council (DECEC) Creating a Quality Early Care and Education System to ensure that emotional wellness initiatives development and growth. In Early Success: remain in keeping with the overall vision for young children is a critical part of their early care and education reform in The emotional wellness in

sackground and rationale

the State of Delaware.

"Partnering: to Promote Emotional Wellness in Young Children" on March 1, 2002. Over two-hundred and fifty stakeholders inclusive seven representatives came together under the guidance of Under the sponsorship of the Departments of Education, Health and Social Services and the Office of Early Care and Education, the steering committee planned an Early Childhood Summit on of legislators, families, advocates, agencies, early care and education, school counselors, etc. convened. There was overwhelming support from participants that this was an important issue. This summit provided the impetus to convene a planning committee to develop a research-driven, long range interagency plan to promote the emotional wellness of Delaware's young children birth to age five and their families. Delaware's plan builds upon Early Success and the national policy work conducted by Georgetown University, the National Center for Children in Poverty, Zero to Three, and the In August 2001, a steering committee of approximately twenty-Georgetown University to strategize about how to raise the awareness of the need to address young children's emotional wellness. Vational Center for Child Mental Health

intense planning that began in June 2002. The University of Delaware Conflict Resolution Program facilitated the planning process and conducted a two month review process from the over-The Framework for Action is the product of many months of community. Technical review was conducted by Georgetown

through nurruring environments where through nurruring environments where they learn about themselves, devolop positive relationships, work coopera op internal motivation and teelings of self-worth. The Emotion of Emotion of Emotions of Emotions of Emotions of Emotion of Emot

(3) ${\mathfrak O}$

Jniversity and University of Maryland followed by urther fine-tuning of the document to reflect selecive comments from the review process.

Head Start, and other stakeholders as a guide to ndividually and collectively explore successful ways ing activities and gamer resources to support the emotional wellness of young children and their famto coordinate, blend strategies into related emerg-This Framework is intended to be used by agencies, pediatricians, early care and education councils, employers, service providers, higher education <u>ie</u>

Throughout the report, support is referenced to system for quality early care and education. Early Success goals that support emotional wellness by the symbol 🗘. aligned with Early Success to build a comprehensive Additionally, this Framework has been closely

stated by Valerie Woodruff, Secretary of Education, in her invitation to the Summit Children ready for success in learning is a goal of the uture educational settings. The Research Council indicated Department of Education. The Department has undertaken the ask to ensure that the cadre of children entering our schools. have the foundation of skills they need to be successful in their that it is critical that we garner our resources because successful action will require the long-term collaborative investment of ted individuals and agencies working collaboratively to make a difference. It is our hope to bring together a caring construnity that results in a commitment and plan that supports the whole povernment, professional organizations, private philanthropy, and voluntary associations, it truly takes a viilage of commitchild and prepares them to be lifelong learners."

Recent research indicates:

Family stressors impact children

High rates of parental exposure to serious life stressors compromise the emotional well-being of young children.

Educators need a complete profile of children and families' lives outside of

Challenges exist for early care and education programs

Preschool teachers and child care providers report that disruptive behavior is the single greatest challenge they face and that there seem to be increasing numbers of disruptive and aggressive children in their classes each year.

The prevalence of problematic behaviors in young children is about 10%. Studies focused on low income children in kindergarten sug-

a prevalence rate considerably higher at 27 percent. If children are exposed to four or more stressors, research indicates that the prevalence rate could be as high as 49%

mplications apparent for

ers. Even in preschool, teachers provide such ticipate in classroom activities less and are less likely to be accepted by classmates and teach-Young children who act in antisocial ways par-

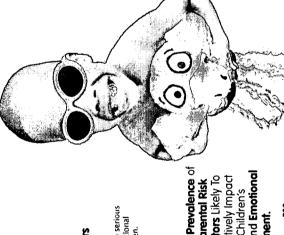
learning and school readiness

children with less positive feedback. These children like school less, learn less, and attend less.

Children suffer

address suffering and pain in young children. It is difficult but essential to recognize and

difficult to recognize sadness and emotional shutdown. suffering from cumulative stress; and suffering from lack of opportunity." Adults avoid believing children suffer, so it is trauma, abuse, loss of a caregiver: misery from neglect; As early as infancy, children suffer: "pain from



Social and Emotional Factors Likely To Negatively Impact Parental Risk Young Children's Development.

transitioning from welfare to work: In a sample of over 700 women

32% had less than a high school education (compared with 13% nationally).

25% had a major depressive disorder (compared with 13% nationally). 22% had a child with a significant health problem (compared with 16% nationally).

20% had their own significant health problem.

15% had experienced post-traumatic stress disorder (the same rate as the national estimates).

15% had experienced an anxiety disorder (compared with 4.3% nationally) 15% had experienced domestic violence (compared with 3% nationally).

6% experienced alcohol or drug dependence (the same as the national rate). Densigner, St. General, St. Densigner, St. Hellin, C. Mill, A. L. Ferren, J. Fosco, D. Svendill, S.; Stefan, K.; A. Tonan, S.D., Gibbly, Densier to the embyling of self-life retainties, in K. Cherry A. W.M. Kopers (Eds.). Postaperfy for all the secondarial bond of the self-life self-life secondaria bond of the self-life (Street). Research bond and Alberta American.

New York, NY, Castell Superior during the self-life self-

How do Delaware's children fare?[™]

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There were 51,531 children birth to five in Delaware.

Approximately 65.7% of mothers of all children under six were in the workplace.

Approximately 35,000 children under five attended licensed child care.

Approximately 8,848 or 17% of children lived in poverty.

Approximately 20,000 children below five lived in single parent households.

An estimated 1,000 children were raised by grandparents.

Approximately 12,000 substandard housing units were homes to 17,000 children.

Approximately 13% of children under five did not have health insurance.

Approximately 2,000 children were the victims of substantiated abuse.

An average of 980 children were in foster care each month.

 An estimated 2,500 children under five were separated by at least one parent due to incarceration. An estimated 1,000 children were witnesses to violent crimes daily.

All of the above data was extracted from the report "The Status of Young Children and their Mental Health Service Needs in Delaware." Commissioned for the Early Children of Summit: Partnering to Promote Emotional Wellness in Young Children The report was compiled by Dr. Michael Gamel-McCormick, Center for Disabilities Studies, College of Human Services, Education and Public Policy, University of Delaware.



4 We believe that: Services are delivered in the least restrictive, most natural environment that is appropriate for the child.



III. By 2006, create public will for caring communities and workplaces that support practices to enhance the emotional wellness of young children. Y. By 2004, Delaware will create financing opportunities to implement the Framework for Action through coordination, redirecting of existing resources, and state, federal, and private funding I. By 2008, Delaware will have a system in place to implement evidenced-based prevention, early intervention and treatment services for young children, birth to five. II. By 2005, offer educational opportunities to advance quality services that support the emotional wellness in N. By 2004, a governance structure will be in place for the implementation of the Framework for Action: Partnering to Promote Emotional Wellness in Young Children. W. By 2008, systems will be implemented to measure the variety and quality of early childhood emotional wellness prevention, early intervention and treatment services. **Emotional Wellness** * We believe that: Every child and services tailored to meet their unique needs. family receives individualized in Young Children Framework Goals at a Glance: Edemesch Guff Tellstraffelb Partnering to Promote opportunities emotional wellness is a shared responsibility a partnership made up of services, providers, ♦ We believe that: A true system supporting families, teachers and others who care and their families within their communities. emotional wellness of all young children Delaware's Vision for and about children. **Delaware** commits to ensuring needs and their families has areated a national crisis by the institutions that are created to take care of them." "The burden of suffering by children with mental health in this country. Crowing numbers of children are suffering needlessly because their emotional, behavioral, and developmental needs are not being met David Satcher, Surgeon General of the United States January 2001



I. Prevention, Early Intervention, & Treatment

prevention, early intervention and treatment services for young children, birth to five. By 2008, Delaware will have a system in place to implement evidenced-based

Strategy I.A.

Develop a system to nurture the social and emotional development of children.

Implementation Tasks

- Involve medical community, public and private agencies, councils and task forces in creating and fostering pre-ventive practices that promote emotional wellness in young children.
- 2. Infuse the promotion of social and emotional development early care and education programs, parent education programs, home visiting and programs serving pregnant women. 2
- 3. Increase cultural and linguistic competence in early care and education programs.
- family-child relationships (onsite child care, job sharing to facilitate release time, family leave, telecommuting, etc.). 3 Develop family-friendly workplaces that promote strong

Strategy 1.B.

Develop a coordinated system to screen and assess the mental health needs of young children.

- screenings and assessments along with appropriate use and the Early Care and Education Council to appoint a Request the Interagency Resource Management Committee workgroup to recommend appropriate emotional health based on the current research and disseminate recommendations to all programs serving young children. 🕏
- Encourage major agencies providing services to young children to adopt appropriate screening and assessment protocols to meet the needs of children being served in a variety of educational settings. 🕏
- Coordinate statewide training on recommended screenings, assessments, and protocols.

Strategy I.C.

Implement evidenced-based early intervention and treatment for children birth to five.

Implementation Tasks

 Develop researched-based best practice guidelines to foster emotional and behavioral development in all settings serving children birth to five. Replicate "model programs" to implement promising practices.

- Aligns with Early Success Goals

ered in a variety of settings including home, early care and education settings, schools, etc. for children birth to five. Focus special attention on children experiencing multiple Offer a variety of community based services that are deliv-

- Partner with state agencies to ensure contracted services to young children are family focused, strength-based and culturally competent and offered in the child's natural environment.
- early care and education settings for children with atypical behaviors. These consultations are to include classroom observations, family/provider consultations, family/provider 1. Provide community based mental health consultations in interventions, and follow-up.
- 5. Develop supports and resources for staff in early care and education programs and other settings serving young children.
- 6. Support the implementation of *Early Success'* effort to enhance staff skills, qualifications and compensation to promote quality care and continuity for young children. Skill development should include competencies related to promoting enrotional wellness of young children. 3

Strategy ID.

Strengthen the relationship between families and service providers, including caregivers.

Implementation Tasks:

- Request major agencies to conduct a self-assessment of their philosophical base, practices and policies that impact family engagement.
- tance of families and their opinions, and focuses on family needs and values in the intervention and treatment process. \$ Create a system-wide philosophical base that values the impor-
- services that 3. Establish environments, practices and welcome and respect families.
- Offer a variety of mechanisms for communicating with families.
- 5. Expand the focus of engaging fathers and male role models in the lives of young children
- 6. Infuse family components in all program standards.
- early prevention, 7. Empower parents to partner in the intervention and treatment process.
- 8. Create opportunitles for families to share their stories to

II. Education

services that support emotional wellness in young children. By 2005, offer educational opportunities to advance quality

Strategy II.A.

providers with an understanding of young children. Increase the pool of interventionists and treatment especially infant and toddlers.

Implementation Tasks:

- 2 enhance skills of interventionists and mental health proopportunities fessionals working with children birth to five. development 1. Provide professional
- and s of mental health professionals to address the needs 2. Promote cultural competence of interventionists Delaware's diverse population.
- profes-3. Promote the recruitment of diverse mental health sionals that reflect the community and its needs

Strategy II.B.

Strengthen the relationship between families and service providers.

Implementation Tasks:

- .5 .5 1. Advocate for cultural and linguistic competence systems of care that support emotional wellness young children and their families.
- 2. Infuse family support activities in the system's delivery of services.

Strategy II.C.

Infuse the promotion of emotional wellness of young children into existing early care and education programs, including falth-based initiatives.

Implementation Tasks:

- 1. Develop and incorporate competencies related to social and emotional development of young children in early care and education program standards and developmental indicators.
- 2. Promote the inclusion of emotional wellness in faithbased health and parent education programs.

Strategy II.D.

Develop skills in young children to problem solve, manage stress and anger, enhance self-esteem, promote social skills and become more resilient to social challenges.

Implementation Tasks:

Aligns with Early Success Coals

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- based/evidence-based) curricula that support best practice in promoting social and emotional wellness in children below the age of five. Provide ongoing training, technical assistance and incentives to support program implementation.
- 2. Ensure that social and emotional competencies and practices are infused in proposed readiness indicators and program standards.

Strategy IIE.

Enhance employer understanding of family-friendly workplaces that support families of young children.

Implementation Tasks

- 1. Engage the Delaware State Chamber of Commerce and other business groups to support the initiative by focusing on national workplace trends that can be adapted to support families with young children. Sponsor family and employee forums across the state to discuss promising practices and the feasibility of introducing these practices in the workplace.
- Adapt materials for companies and businesses on family friendly practices (family leave, flexible hours, job shanng, etc.).
- Engagement of Family strategies recommended in Early Success. implementation 3. Support the

Strategy.ILF

Enhance the role of families as primary nurturers of their children.

Implementation Tasks:

- emotional wellness of young children at home and empower families to select caregiver settings that nur-ture young children's social and emotional development. 1. Educate families on the importance of supporting the
- Expand parent education programs to incorporate pro-gram standards related to family roles in building self esteem, playing an active role in children's lives, and promoting emotional wellness.
- 3. Increase opportunities for males and grandparents to enhance parenting roles.
- 1. Empower families to navigate and influence the service system by building skills in conflict resolution, effective communication, mediation, cultural competence, teamwork, and advocacy.

Implementation Tasks:

III. Public Will

By 2006, create public will for caring communities and workplaces that support practices to enhance the emotional wellness of young children.

Strategy III.A

Heighten awareness of early childhood social and emotional issues and needs.

mplementation Tasks:

Develop and implement a public awareness campalgn to include speakers' bureaus, distribution of materials, presen-tations of the Delaware Framework for Action, etc.

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- . Create a coalition of child advocates, early care and education sacrations, the absorbations, media representatives, chambers of commerce, faith-based organizations, organized family groups, and other organizations to help organize and conduct the campaign.
- 3. Educate Delaware employers on workplace practices that support the emotional wellness of young children. \$
- 4. Partner with service providers to disseminate evidence-based practices to meet the social and emotional needs of young children

Aligns with Early Success Goals

Strategy III.B.

Advocate for public policy that supports the emotional weliness of young children, birth to five.

Implementation Tasks:

- Obtain commitment for the emotional wellness effort to be part of the Governor's early child-hood agenda.
- emotional wellness strategies for young children and families served within their agencies. and Division Leadership to support an Intera-gency approach to implement evidenced-based 2. Obtain commitment from Cabinet Secretaries
- Strategize ways that agencies and the private sector can participate in implementing the Delaware Framework for Action.
- porting policies that promote emotional wellness 4. Educate legislators about the importance of supof young children.
- tions (i.e. pediatricians, social workers, psychologists, etc.) to engage in national initiatives that support the emotional wellness of young chil-Obtain commitment from professional organiza-
- Support Early Success' effort for access to quality care and education programs as a major advancement in nurturing young children's emo-tional wellness.

(Eclemental Californials)

* We believe that: Child and family agencies coordinate services for effective case management.

IV. Governance

2

By 2004, a governance structure will be in place for the implementation of the Framework for Action: Partnering to Promote Emotional Wellness In Young Children.

Successful action will occur when we create the momentum needed to garner public and private resources in a collaborative manner to support the whole child. Current policy papers and research recommend that a public—private approach to promoting emotional wellness is also crucial. Emotional wellness of young children is a system-wide concern and should be supported in the same manner. It is therefore critical that an interagency authorizing group oversees this effort. In addition, the following organizational elements are essential:

- * Align with the Office of Delaware Early Care and Education Office that oversees the implementation of Early Success.
- * Assign a full time staff person to coordinate activities associated with this initiative.
- expertise in the field of programs and polices related to emotional ∴ Create a specialized group (preferably Governor appointed), with wellness to advise staff.
- Consider a university partnership, currently used in some states, as an appropriate setting for this public-private initiative.
- ☆ The Governor will have ultimate authority to designate and charge the public-private endeavor.

Strategy IV.A.

Strategy IV.B.

of young children work together as partners with the service * We believe that: Family members

delivery system.

egiongitanagopasaga

Strategy IV.C.

Aligns with Early Success Goals

Present plan to the Governor for endorsement and determination of lead state department.

Identify an authorizing group to lead the implementation of the Framework for Action: Partnering to Promote Emotional Wellness in Young Children.

Create an executive order or applicable legislation for the creation of the initiative.

Strategy IV.D. Obtain financing to staff the initiative.

V. Financing

Beginning 2004, Delaware will create financing opportunities to implement the Framework for Action through coordination, redirecting existing resources, and state, federal, and private funding opportunities.

Strategy V.A.

involve all agencies and interested stakeholders in creating a system to support the emotional wellness in young children

Implementation Tasks:

1. Meet with leadership from major agencies and interested stakeholders to determine legislative, policy, coordination or funding issues needed to implement the Framework for Action, including:

Early Head Start/Head Start, Early Childhood Assistance Programs The Department of Services to Children, Youth and their Families The Interagency Resource Management Committee Early Care and Education Councils Delaware Early Childhood Center Other stakeholders Healthy Start

The Department of Health and Social Services Alfred I DuPont Hospital and Christina Care The Developmental Disabilities Council The Delaware Department of Education Families and Communities Together Institutions of Higher Education

that require coordination, available redirection of existing funding, and practice change. Obtain agency and other stakeholder commitment to immediately begin activities

 Strategize coordinated efforts to determine best focus for key agencies and other interested stakeholders. Publish policy changes and legislative actions needed to support the system. Include these in the Public Will campalgn.

Strategy V.B.

Target agencies and programs with funding streams that may have the flexibility to support best practices for supporting emotional wellness in young children.

implementation Tasks:

- Behind Act (NCLBA) can be used to better serve young children with emotional, behavioral, and social development delays or disthe individual Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and No Child Left 1. Request the Department of Education (DOE) to investigate ways
- review how delays in emotional, behavioral, and social develop-ment of infant and toddlers are interpreted under existing ellgibility requirements and work together with Part C to develop a protocol for supporting infant and toddler emotional wellness Request the Department of Health and Social Services(DHSS) to
- (DSCYF) to implement a consultation model based on scientific research that include observations as part of the assessment process and staff and parent consultations as part of the inter Request the Department of Children, Youth and their Families vention plan and follow-up.
- model to determine reimbursable components for managed care providers interested in linking with early childhood programs. . Work with Medicald to review the early childhood consultation

Strategy V.C.

Make information regarding funding opportunities readily available to Delaware stakeholders.

Implementation Tasks:

- Coordinate funding to create new opportuni-ties, support unfunded activities, and expand promising practices, etc
- Apply to government and private sources for funding to support components of the Framework for Action.
- notice of applications and abstracts for fund-ing that support the implementation of the ongoing funding opportunities and provide Create a website to inform stakeholders of Framework for Action.

ness, respect, and dignity in a culturally and linguistically competent way within their families must be treated with fair-* We believe that: All young children and their communities.

VI. Results

2

childhood emotional wellness prevention, early intervention and treatment services. By 2008, systems will be implemented to measure the variety and quality of early

These systems will:

- track the types, quantity and quality of services
- members educated to support young children's emotional wellness and to treat concerns track the number of practitioners, interventionists, employers, lay persons, and family

for services to support emotional well * We believe that: Every child is eligible

වචනයන්වැනිණ්ඩුල ශික්ත්ලික

- determine the change in the general public's awareness of the importance of young measure the quality of the relationship between families and providers
 - children's social and emotional development and wellness
- track the state and local level services that support families and the social and emotional development and wellness of their young children
 - track changes in legislation, regulations, and program guidelines regarding prevention.

early intervention, and treatment of young children's social and emotional wellness

supporting prevention, early intervention, and treatment of young children's social and - and track the use of funds from local, state, federal, and private sources dedicated to emotional wellness

strategies. Because this initiative focuses on prevention, early intervention, and treatment and views the family as a critical component in these efforts, evaluations on this initiative Is critical. To see forward movement, we must ensure that evidence based procedures are being used to determine the effectiveness of our The importance of collecting information and tracking the changes that occur based of the initiative must take place within and across multiple systems.



Strategy VIA.

Using families, community representatives, professionals, and state personnel, engage in the development of definitions of what consitues prevention, aarly intervention, and treatment services to very young children and their families and the system of care. These definitions will be used for all evaluation and monitoring activities.

early intervention, and treatment services to very young children and their families in the social and emotional wellness system of care. The services tracked Track and measure the public and private partners who provide prevention Strottedy VI.B.

and measured should include screening and assessment services, clinical, community, and home early intervention and treatment services, referral services, follow up services, and family support services. All tracking and measurement should allow for analysis to determine if families from specific ethnic or cultural backgrounds have access to services. Strategy VIC.

personnel, programs serving pregnant women and other programs serving young children and their families. This tracking should include the extent to which social tors, childcare providers, home visitors, Head Start, ECAP and Early Head Start and emotional issues are addressed, the availability of the services in the community, the depiction and representation of social and emotional wellness through the culture of families being served, and information about social and emotional Track the content of orientation, training, and education for early childhood educa wellness for families from underserved populations and communities.

employment practices related to supporting families as they work to enhance their children's social and emotional wellness. Survey workplaces regarding Strutegy VID.

children and their families. This survey should include determining the number qualified to work with young children and the types of training they have received in Survey providers to determine the number with specific training to work with young this area compared to the number currently working with young children.

Strateay VIE.

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families have the right to emotional wellness. We believe that: All young children and their

safe, stable, caring and nurturing environments. * We believe that: All young children are worthy of

Glossary

Caregiver - an individual or institution that provides non-familial care for a child or group of children.

Isaacs, 1989) - A set of congruent behaviors, attitudes, and policies that come together in a system, agency or among professionals and enable that system, agency or professionals to work effectively in cross cultural Cultural Competence - (Cross, Bazron, Dennis, situations.

culturally competent organizations: Five elements that characterize

1. They value diversity (i.e., understand that other cultures may adhere to preference for certain values, behaviors that differ from the dominant culture

reduce barriers to participation for members of various 2. They have a system for cultural self-assessment that allows them to choose policies and practices that cultural groups 3. They are aware of the dynamics that occur when persons from different cultures interact (e.g., differences in communication styles, help seeking behavior, or problem solving styles)

through provision of culturally appropriate services, cross-cultural training for staff, or establishing or establishing t. They institutionalize cultural knowledge networks with community leaders and groups) cross-cultural training for

5. They are able to adapt to diversity (e.g., adopt policies and procedures to reduce negative stereotypes and prejudices)

studies using the same or similar practices are Replication of the same effects across studies strengthens the ability to relate a specific practice Evidence-based Practices — Practices are considered "evidence-based" when multiple research related to the same or similar results or findings.

but could involve a continuum of interventions for a Early Childhood Mental Health Consultation— is a problem-solving intervention involving a partnership between an early care and education learning setting and a mental health professional. The family centered intervention is usually focused on a child classroom or an entire program. to a specific outcome.

Fomity— is a group of individuals responsible for the primary care and nurturance of a child, includ-Emotional Welmess—is the ability to trust, thrive, relate to others and have a sense of well being, ing non-custodial parents and foster parents. personal worth, and resilience.

interventions that take place before a disorder is diagnosed; three categories of preventive inter-Intervention — (Institute of Medicine Report, 1994) ventions: universal, selective, and indicated.

1. Universal interventions are made available to the general public or to the whole population with the goal of creating or enhancing conditions that probability of challenges to the child's behavior. support the child's behavior and

Example: parent education programs made available to everyone in the community, or a family resource center that is open to everyone

(Refraction Configuration

We believe that: A full array of services and community in which the young child lives. supports should be provided in the home



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* We believe that: Early Identification and intervention are essential to positive outcomes for children.

2. Selective interventions are targeted to individuals or subgroups whose risk of developing a mental disorder is significantly higher than average in order to reduce the incidence or servity of potentially challenging conditions or disorders. This might include groups who have biological, psychological or social risks. Examples: home visiting programs for teenage mothers who have recently given birth or support programs for familles involved with drugs or alcohol.

3. Indicated interventions are targeted to young children who are identified as having minimal but detectible signs that sugest the risk of future development of a mental disorder. These interventions take place early in order to address the eastisence of the emerging disorder, and to prevent the possibility of a secondary disability emerging. This could include the presence of a biological marker that suggests a predisposition for an emotional or behavioral problem but does not yet meet diagnostic criteria.

Examples might include a child born with characteristics of fetal alcohol effect, or a child who is slow to develop social behaviors.

Prevention often referred to as promotion - (Mrazek and Haggerty) – Activities offered to individuals and groups to develop competence and self-esteem; focuses on supporting general well being rather than Intervening in or preventing ill-

Scientifically based research: (Leave No Child Behind Act, 2002)

The term "Scientifically based research"

 "means research that involves the application of rigorous, systematic, and objective procedures to obtain reliable and valid knowledge relevant to education activities and programs; and



we believe that: Families are essential participants in all aspects of a child's life.



2. Includes research that

- i. employs systematic, empirical methods that draw on observation or experiment;
- involves rigorous data analyses that are adequate to test the stated hypotheses and justify the general conclusions drawn;
- iii. relies on measurements or observational methods that provide reliable and valid data across evaluators and observers, across multiple measurements and observations, and across studies by the same or different investigations;
- M. is evaluated using experimental or quasi-experimental designs in which individuals, entities, programs, or activities are assigned to different conditions and with appropriate condificent conditions and with appropriate conlinerst, with a preference for random-assignment experiments, or other designs to the extent that those designs contains within-condition racross-condition controls.
- ensures that experimental studies are presented in sufficient detail and clarity to allow for replication or, at a minimum, offer the opportunity to build systematically on their findings; and
- wi. has been accepted by a peer-reviewed journal or approved by a panel of independent experts through a comparably rigorous, objective, and scientific review."

Stakeholders—are individuals, agencles, businesses, professional organizations, legislators, philanthropists and constituency groups interested in a

common cause.

Treatment — (Institute of Medicine Report, 1994)
Services that take place after intervention has been unsuccessful over a period of time, usually two to six months, and a diagnosis of an emotional disorder has heen made.

foung childnen — referenced in this report includes prenatal care and children from birth to school entry.

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